



## NOBASORB®-sterile

REF 740123

### Product Description, Intended use, Application

The sterile absorbent wound pad with a **size of 20cm x 30cm** consists of a soft nonwoven which wraps an absorbent core of soft, bleached fluff pulp and a cellulose layer for the distribution of secretions. On its back, the pad is provided with a nonwoven layer that is impenetrable to liquids. The absorbent wound pad is used for the treatment and cleansing of heavily exuding, infected or chronic wounds. It may also be used in the case of weeping wound healing disorders, for wound padding, and as secondary dressing for heavily exuding wounds. It is for single use.

### Composition

Polypropylene, cellulose

### Contraindications

All medium to lightly exuding wounds, in particular during granulation and epithelization stage, as well as deep and undermined wounds, should not be treated with absorbent wound pads.

The product should not be used in the case of a known allergy against the material.

### Incident reporting

According to MDR (EU) 2017/745, if serious incidents occur in relation to the device, they must be reported to the manufacturer and the competent authority of the Member State in which the user and/or patient is established.

### Normative and Regulative Requirements, Common Standards

Medical Device according to *MDR (EU) 2017/745*.

Sterilization of the product complies with DIN EN 11135.

The product does not contain dangerous toxic substances according to REACH.

### Packaging

Primary packaging:	foil/ paper packaging
Secondary packaging:	folding box made of cellulose
Tertiary packaging:	carton made of cellulose

### Symbols used in labelling

Explanation at [www.nobamed.com](http://www.nobamed.com)



Marking on all packaging levels with CE and according to DIN EN ISO 15223-1- and DIN EN ISO 20417

### Storage and Transport

Dry and dustfree

### Sterile device

Before using a sterile product, visually inspect the packaging to ensure that it is intact.

### Single use device

Reusing a single use medical device can lead to microbiological danger. Reprocessing for reuse can decrease the product's performance significantly.

### Disposal

According to locally applicable legal regulations and standards of infection prophylaxis.